GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

FINANCIAL REPORT for the financial year ended 31 December 2023

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Trustees' Report	1
Statement by Board of Trustees	5
Statutory Declaration	5
Independent Auditors' Report	6
Statement of Financial Position	10
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	11
Statement of Changes in Accumulated Fund	12
Statement of Cash Flows	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

TRUSTEES' REPORT

The trustees hereby submit their report and the audited financial statements of the Foundation for the financial year ended 31 December 2023.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Foundation is principally engaged in the business of receiving and administering funds for charitable purposes. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

RESULTS

RM

Loss after taxation for the financial year

(2,793,053)

DIVIDENDS

No dividend was recommended by the trustees for the financial year.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year.

BAD AND DOUBTFUL DEBTS

Before the financial statements of the Foundation were made out, the trustees took reasonable steps to ascertain that action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for impairment losses on receivables and satisfied themselves that there are no known bad debts and that no allowance for impairment losses on receivables is required.

At the date of this report, the trustees are not aware of any circumstances that would require the writing off of bad debts, or the setting up of allowance for impairment losses on receivables in the financial statements of the Foundation.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

TRUSTEES' REPORT

CURRENT ASSETS

Before the financial statements of the Foundation were made out, the trustees took reasonable steps to ensure that any current assets, which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business, including their value as shown in the accounting records of the Foundation, have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the trustees are not aware of any circumstances which would render the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements misleading.

VALUATION METHODS

At the date of this report, the trustees are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which render adherence to the existing methods of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Foundation misleading or inappropriate. The financial statements of the Foundation are prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern as the trustees have indicated their willingness to provide financial support to the Foundation to enable it to operate as a going concern in the foreseeable future.

CONTINGENT AND OTHER LIABILITIES

At the date of this report, there does not exist:-

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Foundation that has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability of the Foundation which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent or other liability of the Foundation has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the trustees, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Foundation to meet its obligations when they fall due.

CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES

At the date of this report, the trustees are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Foundation which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

TRUSTEES' REPORT

ITEMS OF AN UNUSUAL NATURE

The results of the operations of the Foundation during the financial year were not, in the opinion of the trustees, substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the trustees, to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Foundation for the financial year in which this report is made.

TRUSTEES

The names of the trustees of the Foundation who served during financial year and up to the date of this report are as follows:-

Jerald A/L S Joseph Yong Kai Ping

TRUSTEES' INTERESTS AND BENEFITS

The Foundation is a company limited by guarantee and thus has no shares on which the trustees could have an interest. Similarly, the Foundation does not issue any shares or debentures.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no trustee has received or become entitled to receive any benefit by reason of a contract made by the Foundation or a related corporation with the trustee or with a firm of which the trustee is a member, or with a company in which the trustee has a substantial financial interest.

Neither during nor at the end of the financial year was the Foundation a party to any arrangements whose object is to enable the trustees to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Foundation or any other body corporate.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE COST

During the financial year, there was no indemnity given to or professional indemnity insurance effected for trustees, officers and auditors of the Foundation.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

TRUSTEES' REPORT

AUDITORS

The auditors, Crowe Malaysia PLT, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

The auditors' remuneration of the Foundation for the financial year was RM39,000.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the trustees dated 1 5 MAR 2021

Jerald A/L S Joseph

Yong Kai Ping

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENT BY TRUSTEES PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

We, Jerald A/L S Joseph and Yong Kai Ping, being the two trustees of Greenpeace Southeast Asia Berhad, state that, in our opinion, the financial statements set out on pages 10 to 36 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Foundation as of 31 December 2023 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year ended on that date.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the trustees dated 1 5 MAR 2024

Jerald A/L S Joseph

STATUTORY DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(1)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

I, Jerald A/L S Joseph, being the trustee primarily responsible for the financial management of Greenpeace Southeast Asia Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 10 to 36 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the declaration to be true, and by virtue of the Statutory Declarations Act 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovementioned Jerald A/L S Joseph, NRIC Number: 690102-08-8199 at Kuala Lumpur in the Federal Territory on this 1 5 MAR 2024

Before me

W 804
SHAIFUL HILMI
BIN HALIM

1 Januari 2023
Hingga
31 Disember 2025

Unit C-6-1, Megan Avenue II No. 12, Jalan Yap Kwan Seng 50450 Kuala Lumpur Jerald A/L S Joseph



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia) Registration No: 201501039024 (1170303-A) Crowe Malaysia PLT 201906000005 (LLP0018817-LCA) & AF 1018 Chartered Accountants Level 16, Tower C, Megan Avenue II 12, Jalan Yap Kwan Seng 50450 Kuala Lumpur

Main +6 03 2788 9999 Fax +6 03 2788 9998 www.crowe.my

Malaysia

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Greenpeace Southeast Asia Berhad, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in accumulated fund and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 10 to 36.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Foundation as at 31 December 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors'* Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the *By-Laws* (on *Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice*) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 3.3 to the financial statements, which disclosed that the Foundation incurred a net loss of RM2,793,053 during the financial year ended 31 December 2023 and, as of that date, the Foundation's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RM9,263,392 and recorded a deficit in accumulated fund of RM8,479,550, thereby indicating the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements of the Foundation are prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern as the trustees have indicated their willingness to provide financial support to the Foundation to enable it to operate as a going concern in the foreseeable future. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD (CONT'D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 201501039024 (1170303-A)

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The trustees of the Foundation are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Trustees' Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Foundation and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Foundation does not cover the Trustees' Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Foundation, our responsibility is to read the Trustees' Report and, in doing so, consider whether the Trustees' Report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Foundation or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Trustees' Report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Trustees for the Financial Statements

The trustees of the Foundation are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Foundation that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The trustees are also responsible for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Foundation that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Foundation, the trustees are responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Foundation as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD (CONT'D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 201501039024 (1170303-A)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:-

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Foundation, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Foundation or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Foundation, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Foundation represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD (CONT'D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 201501039024 (1170303-A)

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the members of the Foundation, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Crowe Malaysia PLT

Cen Labyia M

201906000005 (LLP0018817-LCA) & AF 1018

Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur

1 5 MAR 2024

Chong Wei-Chnoong 03525/08/2024 J Chartered Accountant

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Note	2023 RM	2022 RM
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSET Plant and equipment	5	922,676	688,479
CURRENT ASSETS Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Cash and bank balances	6	378,507 1,121,148	343,723 3,649,485
		1,499,655	3,993,208
TOTAL ASSETS		2,422,331	4,681,687
FUND AND LIABILITIES			
ACCUMULATED FUNDS Accumulated losses		(8,479,550)	(5,686,497)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY Lease liabilities	7	138,834	268,565
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities	8 7	10,633,316 129,731	9,978,393 121,226
		10,763,047	10,099,619
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10,901,881	10,368,184
TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS AND LIABILITIES		2,422,331	4,681,687

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Note	2023 RM	2022 RM
REVENUE	9	10,576,440	9,219,835
OTHER INCOME		3,144	7,892
		10,579,584	9,227,727
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(13,349,863)	(10,317,952)
FINANCE COSTS		(22,774)	(2,836)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION	10	(2,793,053)	(1,093,061)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	11	-	-
LOSS AFTER TAXATION		(2,793,053)	(1,093,061)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(2,793,053)	(1,093,061)

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Accumulated Losses RM
Balance at 1.1.2022	(4,593,436)
Loss after taxation/Total comprehensive loss for the financial year	(1,093,061)
Balance at 31.12.2022/1.1.2023	(5,686,497)
Loss after taxation/Total comprehensive loss for the financial year	(2,793,053)
Balance at 31.12.2023	(8,479,550)

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	2023 RM	2022 RM
CASH FLOWS FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss before taxation	(2,793,053)	(1,093,061)
Adjustments for:- Bad debts written off Depreciation of plant and equipment Interest expense Plant and equipment written off	572,762 22,774 991	41,583 130,190 2,836 905
Operating deficit before working capital changes Decrease/(Increase) in other receivables, deposits and	(2,196,526)	(917,547)
prepayments Increase in other payables and accruals	18,101 602,038	(121,568) 809,506
CASH FOR OPERATIONS Income tax paid Interest paid	(1,576,387) - (22,774)	(229,609) (218,850) (2,836)
NET CASH FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(1,599,161)	(451,295)
NET CASH FOR INVESTING ACTIVITY Purchase of plant and equipment	(807,950)	(301,791)
NET CASH FOR FINANCING ACTIVITY Repayment of lease liabilities	(121,226)	(84,023)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND BANK BALANCES	(2,528,337)	(837,109)
CASH AND BANK BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	3,649,485	4,486,594
CASH AND BANK BALANCES AT END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	1,121,148	3,649,485

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Foundation is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia. The registered office and principal place of business are as follows:-

Registered office

Level 5, Tower 8, Avenue 5, Horizon 2,

Bangsar South City, 59200 Kuala Lumpur.

Malaysia.

Principal place of business

Level 5-3A, Menara Sentral Vista, 150, Jalan Sultan Abdul Samad, Brickfields, 50470 Kuala Lumpur,

Malaysia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Trustees in accordance with a resolution of the trustees dated 15 March 2024.

2. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Foundation is principally engaged in the business of receiving and administering funds for charitable purposes. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements of the Foundation are prepared under the historical cost convention and modified to include other bases of valuation as disclosed in other sections under material accounting policy information, and in compliance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

3.1 During the current financial year, the Foundation has adopted the following new accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any):-

MFRSs and/or IC Interpretations (Including The Consequential Amendments)

MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts

Amendments to MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts

Amendment to MFRS 17: Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 - Comparative Information

Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure of Accounting Policies

Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimates

Amendments to MFRS 112: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

Amendments to MFRS 112: International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules

The adoption of the above accounting standard(s) and/or interpretation(s) (including the consequential amendments, if any) did not have any material impact on the Foundation's financial statements except as follows:-

Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The Amendments to MFRS 101 'Disclosure of Accounting Policies' did not result in any changes to the existing accounting policies of the Foundation. However, the amendments require the disclosure of 'material' rather than 'significant' accounting policies and provide guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about the material accounting policy disclosures. The Foundation has made updates to the accounting policies presented in Note 4 to the financial statements in line with the amendments.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

3.2 The Foundation has not applied in advance the following accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) but are not yet effective for the current financial year:-

MFRSs and/or IC Interpretations (Including The Consequential	
Amendments)	Effective Date
Amendments to MFRS 16: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or	
Non-current	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 and MFRS 7: Supplier Finance	
Arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of	
Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The adoption of the above accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) is expected to have no material impact on the financial statements of the Foundation upon its initial application.

3.3 During the current financial year, the Foundation incurred a net loss of RM2,793,053. As at 31 December 2023, the Foundation recorded a deficit in accumulated fund of RM8,479,550 and its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RM9,263,392. These indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern.

The financial statements of the Foundation are prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern as the trustees have indicated their willingness to provide financial support to the Foundation to enable it to operate as a going concern in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the trustees are of the opinion that the going concern basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Management believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, other than as disclosed below:-

(a) Depreciation of Plant and Equipment

The estimates for the residual values, useful lives and related depreciation charges for the plant and equipment are based on commercial factors which could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitors' actions in response to the market conditions. The Foundation anticipates that the residual values of its plant and equipment will be insignificant. As a result, residual values are not being taken into consideration for the computation of the depreciable amount. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised. The carrying amount of plant and equipment as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

(b) Impairment of Plant and Equipment

The Foundation determines whether an item of its plant and equipment is impaired by evaluating the extent to which the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount. This evaluation is subject to changes such as market performance, economic and political situation of the country. The carrying amount of plant and equipment as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Cont'd)

(c) Income Taxes

There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination may be different from the initial estimate. The Foundation recognises tax liabilities based on its understanding of the prevailing tax laws and estimates of whether such taxes will be due in the ordinary course of business. Where the final outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such difference will impact the income tax expense and deferred tax balances in the period in which such determination is made.

(d) Discount Rates used in Leases

Where the interest rate implicit in the lease cannot be readily determined, the Foundation uses the incremental borrowing rate to measure the lease liabilities. The incremental borrowing rate is the interest rate that the Foundation would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. Therefore, the incremental borrowing rate requires estimation particularly when no observable rates are available or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Foundation estimates the incremental borrowing rate using observable inputs when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

Critical Judgements Made in Applying Accounting Policies

Management believes that there are no instances of application of critical judgement in applying the Foundation's accounting policies which will have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Lease Terms

Some leases contain extension options exercisable by the Foundation before the end of the non-cancellable contract period. In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances including the past practice and any cost that will be incurred to change the asset if an option to extend is not taken. An extension option is only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

4.2 FUNCTIONAL AND FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements of the Foundation are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Foundation operates, which is the functional currency.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Foundation's functional and presentation currency.

4.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Financial Assets

Financial Assets Through Profit or Loss

The financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to the initial recognition, the financial assets are remeasured to their fair values at the reporting date with fair value changes recognised in profit or loss. The fair value changes do not include interest and dividend income.

Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

The financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs except for trade receivables without significant financing component which are measured at transaction price only. Subsequent to the initial recognition, all financial assets are measured at amortised cost less any impairment losses.

Financial AssetsThrough Other Comprehensive Income

The Foundation has elected to designate the equity instruments as financial assets through other comprehensive income at initial recognition.

The financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequent to the initial recognition, the financial assets are remeasured to their fair values at the reporting date with fair value changes taken up in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve, except for the recognition of impairment, interest income and foreign exchange difference of a debt instrument which are recognised directly in profit or loss. The fair value changes do not include interest and dividend income.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

4.3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial Liabilities

Financial Liabilities Through Profit or Loss

The financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to the initial recognition, the financial liabilities are remeasured to their fair values at the reporting date with fair value changes recognised in profit or loss. The fair value changes do not include interest expense.

Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost

The financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to the initial recognition, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

4.4 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

All items of plant and equipment are initially measured at cost including the estimated costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring that site on which they are located.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation on plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their depreciable amounts over the estimated useful lives. The principal annual depreciation rates are:-

Computers, office equipment and software Campaign and action equipment Renovation

3 - 5 years 3 - 5 years

33.33%

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

4.5 RIGHT-OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

(a) Short-term Leases and Leases of Low-value Assets

The Foundation apply the "short-term lease" and "lease of low-value assets" recognition exemption. For these leases, the Foundation recognise the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line method over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more appropriate.

(b) Right-of-use Assets

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost. Subsequent to the initial recognition, the right-of-use assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the estimated useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease term.

(c) Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the entities' incremental borrowing rate. Subsequent to the initial recognition, the lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost and adjusted for any lease reassessment or modifications.

4.6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value with original maturity periods of three months or less.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

4.7 IMPAIRMENT

(a) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Foundation recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost.

The expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Foundation in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Foundation expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The Foundation always recognises lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables and contract assets using the simplified approach. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Foundation's historical credit loss experience and are adjusted for forward-looking information (including time value of money where appropriate).

For all other financial instruments, the Foundation recognises lifetime expected credit losses when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Foundation measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses.

The Foundation recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

(b) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The carrying values of assets, other than those to which MFRS 136 - Impairment of Assets does not apply, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period for impairment when there is an indication that the assets might be impaired. Impairment is measured by comparing the carrying values of the assets with their recoverable amounts. When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss shall be recognised. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value-in-use, which is measured by reference to discounted future cash flows using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Foundation estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

4.7 IMPAIRMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Impairment of Non-financial Assets (Cont'd)

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

When there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, a subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of an asset is treated as a reversal of the previous impairment loss and is recognised to the extent of the carrying amount of the asset that would have been determined (net of amortisation and depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised. The reversal is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

4.8 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Foundation has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is the present value of the estimated expenditure required to settle the obligation. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as interest expense in profit or loss.

4.9 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(a) Short-term Benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and bonuses are measured on an undiscounted basis and are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Foundation.

(b) Defined Contribution Plans

The Foundation's contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in profit or loss in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Foundation has no further liability in respect of the defined contribution plans.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

4.10 INCOME TAXES

(a) Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are the expected amount of income tax recoverable or payable to the taxation authorities.

Current taxes are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity).

(b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method for temporary differences other than those that arise from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets recognised are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

Current and deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transactions either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities or deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity (or on different tax entities but they intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis) and the same taxation authority.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

4.11 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. The measurement assumes that the transaction takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market. For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For financial reporting purposes, the fair value measurements are analysed into level 1 to level 3 as follows:-

Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical asset or liability that the entity can access at the measurement date:

Level 2: Inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The transfer of fair value between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

4.12 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Revenue from contracts with customers is measured based on consideration specified in a contract with a customer in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer net of sales and service tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The Foundation recognises revenue when (or as) it transfers control over a product or service to customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of the asset. Depending on the substance of the contract, revenue is recognised when the performance obligation is satisfied, which may be at a point in time or over time.

(a) Donation received

Revenue from donation is recognised on receipt basis.

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

5. PLANT AND EQUIPME	NT				
	At 1.1.2023 RM	Additions RM	Write Off RM	Depreciation Charges RM	At 31.12.2023 RM
2023					
Carrying Amount					
Owned assets					
Computers, office equipment and software Campaign and action	116,468	733,471	(991)	(358,753)	490,195
equipment Renovation	1,143 181,077	5,569 68,910	-	(2,022) (82,057)	4,690 167,930
Right-to-use asset Office building	389,791	-	-	(129,930)	259,861
	688,479	807,950	(991)	(572,762)	922,676
	At 1.1.2022 RM	Additions RM	Write Off RM	Depreciation Charges RM	At 31.12.2022 RM
2022					
Carrying Amount					
Owned assets Computers and office equipment Campaign and action	42,728	115,540	(905)	(40,895)	116,468
equipment Renovation	3,080	- 186,251	-	(1,937) (5,174)	1,143 181,077
Right-to-use asset Office building	82,184	389,791		(82,184)	389,791
	127,992	691,582	(905)	(130,190)	688,479

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

5. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

	At Cost RM	Accumulated Depreciation RM	Carrying Amount RM
2023			
Owned assets Computers, office equipment and software Campaign and action equipment	1,027,918 34,015	(537,723) (29,325)	490,195 4,690
Renovation	413,762	(245,832)	167,930
Right-to-use asset Office building	389,791	(129,930)	259,861
	1,865,486	(942,810)	922,676
2022			
Owned assets Computers and office equipment	310,580	(194,112)	116,468
Campaign and action equipment Renovation	28,446	(27,303)	1,143
Renovation	186,251	(5,174)	181,077
Right-to-use asset Office building	389,791	_	389,791
	915,068	(226,589)	688,479
			Control of the Contro

The Foundation leases an office space with a lease term of 2 years (2022 - 3 years).

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

6.	OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREP	AYMENTS	
		2023 RM	2022 RM
	Other receivables Deposits	69,964	49,963
	Prepayments	71,969 236,574	98,752 195,008
		378,507	343,723
7.	LEASE LIABILITIES		
		2023 RM	2022 RM
	At 1 January Addition	389,791	84,023 389,791
	Interest expense recognised in profit or loss Repayment of principal	22,774 (121,226)	2,377 (84,023)
	Repayment of interest expense	(22,774)	(2,377)
	At 31 December	268,565	389,791
	Analysed by:-		
	Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	129,731	121,226
	HOUT-CUITETIL HADIIILIES	138,834	268,565
		268,565	389,791

The interest rate implicit in the lease ranges from 6.15% to 6.80% (2022 - 6.15% to 6.80%).

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Q	OTHER	DAVARI	ES AND	ACCRUALS
ο.	UITER	PATADL	LES AND	ACCRUALS

	2023 RM	2022 RM
Other payables Accruals	10,088,811 544,505	9,642,066 336,327
	10,633,316	9,978,393

Included in other payables is an amount of RM9,124,670 (2022 - RM9,057,403) owing to an affiliate which is also part of the global network of independent Greenpeace National and Regional organisations. The amount is non-trade, unsecured and repayable on demand.

9. REVENUE

		2023 RM	2022 RM
	Recognised at a point in time Donation received	10,576,440	9,219,835
10.	LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		
		2023 RM	2022 RM
	Loss before taxation is arrived at after charging:-		

Auditors' remuneration	39,000	37,000
Material Expenses		
Bad debts written off	-	41,583
Depreciation of plant and equipment	572,762	130,190
Interest expense on lease liabilities	22,774	2,377
Plant and equipment written off	991	905
Staff costs:		
- salaries, bonus and allowances	3,766,719	3,384,047
 defined contribution benefits 	433,620	362,656
- others	78,290	306,105

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	INCOME TAX EXPENSE				
		2023 RM	2022 RM		
	Current tax expense	-			
	A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to the loss before taxation at the statutory tax rat to income tax expense at the effective tax rate of the Foundation is as follows:-				
		2023 RM	2022 RM		
	Loss before taxation	(2,793,053)	(1,093,061)		
	Tax at the statutory tax rate of 24% (2022 - 24%)	(670,333)	(262,335)		
	Tax effects of:- Non-deductible expenses Deferred tax assets not recognised during the financial	692,584	176,173		
year Utilisation of deferred	Utilisation of deferred tax assets not recognised in the	-	86,162		
	previous year	(22,251)			
		-	-		
	Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory i the estimated assessable profit for the financial year.	ncome tax rate of 24	% (2022 - 24%) c		
	No deferred tax asset is recognised on the following item at th	e end of the reporting	g period:-		
		2023 RM	2022 RM		
	Accelerated capital allowances	266,298	359,010		

Unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances are disregarded as the Foundation does not carry on business income.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Foundation's activities are exposed to a variety of market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Foundation's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Foundation's financial performance.

12.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Foundation's policies in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are as follows:-

(a) Market Risk

(i) Foreign Currency Risk

The Foundation does not have any transactions or balances denominated in foreign currencies and hence, is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

(ii) Interest Rate Risk

The Foundation does not have any interest-bearing borrowings and hence, is not exposed to interest rate risk.

(iii) Equity Price Risk

The Foundation does not have any quoted investments and hence, is not exposed to equity price risk.

(b) Credit Risk

The Foundation's exposure to credit risk, or the risk of counterparties defaulting, arises mainly from its receivables. The Foundation manages its exposure to credit risk by the application of credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures on an ongoing basis. For other financial assets (including cash and bank balances), the Foundation minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

(i) Credit Risk Concentration Profile

The Foundation's does not have any major concentration of credit risk related to any individual customer or counterparty.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

12.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(ii) Maximum Exposure to Credit Risk

At the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position of the Foundation after deducting any allowance for impairment losses (where applicable).

(iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses

The Foundation has an informal credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an on-going basis through periodic review of the ageing of the trade receivables. The Foundation closely monitors the trade receivables' financial strength to reduce the risk of loss.

At each reporting date, the Foundation assesses whether any of the financial assets at amortised cost are credit impaired.

The gross carrying amounts of financial assets are written off against the associated impairment, if any, when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery despite the fact that they are still subject to enforcement activities.

A financial asset is credit impaired when the receivable is in significant financial difficulties.

The Foundation considers a receivable to be in default when the receivable is unlikely to repay its debt to the Foundation in full or is more than 90 days past due.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

12.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses (Cont'd)

Other receivables

The Foundation applies the 3-stage general approach to measuring expected credit losses for its other receivables.

Under this approach, loss allowance is measured on either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses, by considering the likelihood that the receivable would not be able to repay during the contractual period (probability of default, PD), the percentage of contractual cash flows that will not be collected if default happens (loss given default, LGD) and the outstanding amount that is exposed to default risk (exposure at default, EAD).

In deriving the PD and LGD, the Foundation considers the receivable's past payment status and its financial condition as at the reporting date. The PD is adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the receivable to settle its debts.

Allowance for Impairment Losses

No expected credit loss is recognised on other receivables as it is negligible.

Cash and Bank Balances

The Foundation considers the licensed banks have low credit risks. In addition, some of the bank balances are insured by Government agencies. Therefore, the Foundation is of the view that the loss allowance is immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

12.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises mainly from general funding and business activities. The Foundation practises prudent risk management by maintaining sufficient cash balances and the availability of funding through certain committed credit facilities.

Maturity Analysis

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates at the end of the reporting period):-

in 1-5 ar Years 1 RM	,316 - ,000 144,000	,316 144,000
Within 1 Year RM	10,633,316 144,000	10,777,316
Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows RM	10,633,316 288,000	10,921,316
Carrying Amount RM	10,633,316 268,565	10,901,881
Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate %	6.80	
2023	Non-derivative Financial Liabilities Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities	

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

12.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

Maturity Analysis (Cont'd)

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates at the end of the reporting period (Cont'd):-

1 - 5 Years RM	288,000	288,000
Within 1 Year RM	9,978,393	10,122,393
Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows RM	9,978,393 432,000	10,410,393
Carrying Amount RM	9,978,393 389,791	10,368,184
Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate %	6.15 - 6.80	
2022	Non-derivative Financial Liabilities Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities	

GREENPEACE SOUTHEAST ASIA BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

12.2 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Foundation relies solely on funds from the public, its Board of Trustees and grants to meet its financial obligations.

12.3 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	2023 RM	2022 RM
Financial assets		
Amortised Cost		
Other receivables Cash and bank balances	69,964 1,121,148	49,963 3,649,485
	1,191,112	3,699,448
Financial liabilities		
Amortised Cost		
Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities	10,633,316 268,565	9,978,393 389,791
	10,901,881	10,368,184